



WinregMITM

Remotely Injecting Code into the
Windows Registry





About me

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Windows Remote Registry Protocol

- Remote management of hierarchical data stores: Windows Registry
- Client/Server protocol
- Dependent on RPC and SMB for packet transport

Parameter	Value	Reference
RPC Interface UUID	{338CD001-2244-31F1-AAAA-900038001003}	[C706]
Pipe name	\\PIPE\winreg	[MS-SMB]



Relationship with Other Protocols

IP/TCP/NetBIOS/SMB2/DCE-RPC/WINREG

- > Frame 140477: 358 bytes on wire (2864 bits), 358 bytes
- > Ethernet II, Src: PcsCompu_81:02:b8 (08:00:27:81:02:b8)
- > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.114, Dst:
- > Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49884, Dst Po
- > NetBIOS Session Service
- > SMB2 (Server Message Block Protocol version 2)
- > Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure C
- > Remote Registry Service, OpenKey



How Does a Session Work?

1. The client initiates a connection request to the server.
2. The server authorizes the request.
3. The client requests the opening of a key on the server.
4. The server responds with an RPC context handle that references the key.



How Does a Session Work?

5. The client uses the handle to operate on the key.
6. The client sends the desired operation along with the associated parameters.
7. The server responds to the request with the requested information.



RPC Methods

Operation	Opnum
BaseRegCreateKey	6
BaseRegDeleteKey	7
BaseRegOpenKey	15
BaseRegDeleteValue	8
BaseRegSetValue	22
BaseRegFlushKey	11
...	



BaseRegOpenKey

The server opens a key and sends the handle to the client.

```
WINREG 222 GetVersion request
WINREG 202 GetVersion response
WINREG 362 OpenKey request, S-1-5-21-2958448281-842647196-920211908-1000\AppData
WINREG 218 OpenKey response
```

```
error_status_t BaseRegOpenKey(
[in] RPC_HKEY hKey,
[in] PRRP_UNICODE_STRING lpSubKey,
[in] DWORD dwOptions,
[in] REGSAM samDesired,
[out] PRPC_HKEY phkResult
);
```




BaseRegSetValue

The server sets the data sent for a specific value of a registry key.

```
WINREG      274 QueryValue request
WINREG      226 QueryValue response
WINREG      286 QueryValue request
WINREG      250 QueryValue response
WINREG      270 SetValue request,
WINREG      198 SetValue response
```

```
error_status_t BaseRegSetValue(
[in] RPC_HKEY hKey,
[in] PRRP_UNICODE_STRING lpValueName,
[in] DWORD dwType,
[in, size_is(cbData)] LPBYTE lpData,
[in] DWORD cbData
);
```



BaseRegCreateKey

The server creates the key and returns a handle that references it.

```
WINREG      362 OpenKey request, S-1-5-21-2958448281-842647196-920211908-1000\AppData
WINREG      218 OpenKey response
WINREG      222 GetVersion request
WINREG      202 GetVersion response
WINREG      282 OpenKey request, Clave nueva #1
WINREG      218 OpenKey response, Error: WERR_BADFILE
WINREG      222 GetVersion request
WINREG      202 GetVersion response
WINREG      298 CreateKey request, Clave nueva #1
...
```

```
error_status_t BaseRegCreateKey(
    [in] RPC_HKEY hKey,
    [in] PRRP_UNICODE_STRING lpSubKey,
    [in] PRRP_UNICODE_STRING lpClass,
    ...
```



Protocol Integrity

Opening of HKEY_CURRENT_USER

```
SMB2      210 Create Response File: winreg
DCERPC    334 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000), NTLMSSP_NEGOTIATE
SMB2      138 Write Response
SMB2      171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC    476 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_rcv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK, NTLMSSP_CHALLENGE
DCERPC    718 AUTH3: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: DESKTOP-FS8NLP3\user
SMB2      138 Write Response
WINREG    290 OpenHKU request
DCERPC    202 Fault: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, Ctx: 0, status: nca_s_fault_access_denied
SMB2      146 Close Request File: winreg
SMB2      182 Close Response
SMB2      190 Create Request File: winreg
SMB2      210 Create Response File: winreg
DCERPC    286 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2      138 Write Response
SMB2      171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC    230 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_rcv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK
WINREG    214 OpenHKU request
WINREG    218 OpenHKU response
WINREG    222 GetVersion request
WINREG    202 GetVersion response
WINREG    342 OpenKey request, S-1-5-21-3453662643-653229605-3378087727-1001
```



Security Context

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc243713.aspx>

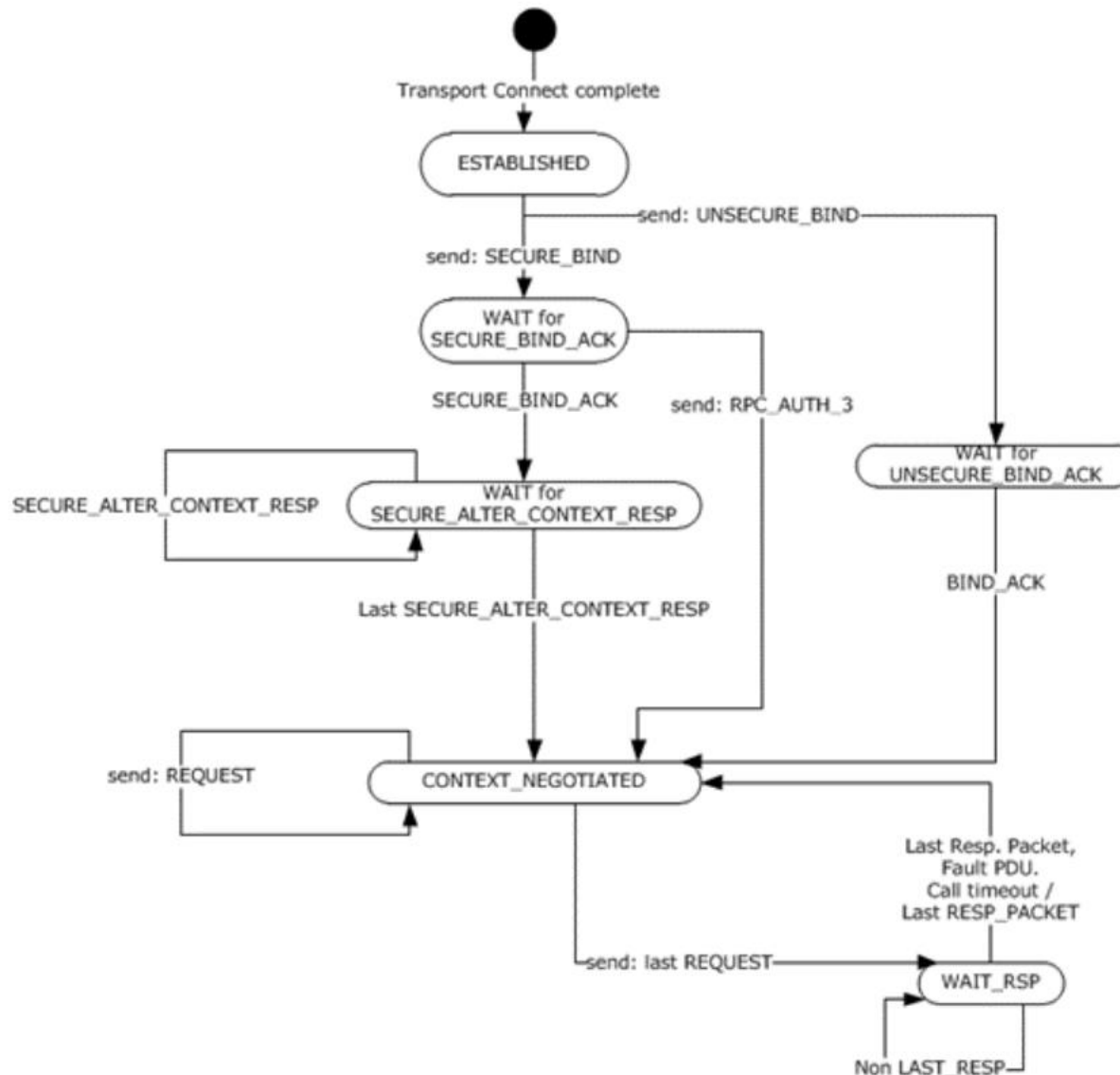
security context: An abstract data structure that contains authorization information for a particular security principal in the form of a Token/Authorization Context (see [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.2). A server uses the authorization information in a **security context** to check access to requested resources. A **security context** also contains a key identifier that associates mutually established cryptographic keys, along with other information needed to perform secure communication with another security principal.

- To make secure RPC calls, a security context must be established.
- The scope is the connection.
- Bind/Bind_ack message exchange with authorization info between the RPC client and server.
- If there is an error: Fault PDU and connection closure.
- Once the context is established, it can be used by RPC and other protocols to make authorization decisions.



Security Context

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc243724.aspx>





Security Provider

security provider: A pluggable security module that is specified by the protocol layer above the remote procedure call (RPC) layer, and will cause the RPC layer to use this module to secure messages in a communication session with the server. The security provider is sometimes referred to as an authentication service. For more information, see [C706] and [MS-RPCE].

- The client begins by requesting an authorization token from the security provider (NTLM).
- This token represents the client's identity and can be used to make authorization decisions.
- **Additionally, RPC can use the security context to create a logical chain of information protected against tampering and disclosure. .**



Authentication Levels

The amount of protection applied depends on the authentication level for the security context requested by the client when the security context is created. The authentication level is applied in two dimensions:

Protection Level	Description
<code>dce_c_auth_level_none</code> (1)	No protection is established.
<code>Dce_c_auth_level_connect</code> (2)	Provides verification of the client and server identities, protects against replay attacks, but no measures are applied per PDU (Protocol Data Unit).
<code>Dce_c_auth_level_call</code> (3)	Provides integrity for the first fragment of each call.
<code>Dce_c_auth_level_pkt</code> (4)	Provides protection against replay and out-of-order attacks at the PDU level but does not protect against modification at the PDU level.
<code>Dce_c_auth_level_pkt_integrity</code> (5)	Provides integrity (signing) at the PDU level.
<code>Dce_c_auth_level_pkt_privacy</code> (6)	Provides integrity (signing) and confidentiality (encryption) at the PDU level.



Protocol Integrity

Opening of HKEY_CURRENT_USER

```
SMB2 210 Create Response File: winreg
DCERPC 334 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000), NTLMSSP_NEGOTIATE
SMB2 138 Write Response
SMB2 171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 476 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK, NTLMSSP_CHALLENGE
DCERPC 718 AUTH3: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: DESKTOP-FS8NLP3\user
SMB2 138 Write Response
WINREG 290 OpenHKU request
DCERPC 202 Fault: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, Ctx: 0, status: nca_s_fault_access_denied
SMB2 146 Close Request File: winreg
SMB2 182 Close Response
SMB2 190 Create Request File: winreg
SMB2 210 Create Response File: winreg
DCERPC 286 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2 138 Write Response
SMB2 171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 230 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK
WINREG 214 OpenHKU request
WINREG 218 OpenHKU response
WINREG 222 GetVersion request
WINREG 202 GetVersion response
WINREG 342 OpenKey request, S-1-5-21-3453662643-653229605-3378087727-1001
```




PDU Authentication Level

```
DCERPC 334 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2 138 write Response
SMB2 171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 476 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK, NTLMSSP_CHALLENGE
DCERPC 718 AUTH3: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: DESKTOP-FS8NLP3\user
SMB2 138 Write Response
WINREG 290 OpenHKU request
DCERPC 202 Fault: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, Ctx: 0, status: nca_s_fault_access_denied
```

Auth Length: 40

Call ID: 2

Max Xmit Frag: 4280

Max Recv Frag: 4280

Assoc Group: 0x00000000

Num Ctx Items: 2

- > Ctx Item[1]: Context ID:0, WINREG, 32bit NDR
- > Ctx Item[2]: Context ID:1, WINREG, Bind Time Feature Negotiation
- ✓ Auth Info: NTLMSSP, Packet privacy, AuthContextId(0)

Auth type: NTLMSSP (10)

Auth level: Packet privacy (6)

Auth pad len: 0

Auth Rsvd: 0

Auth Context ID: 0

✓ NTLM Secure Service Provider

NTLMSSP identifier: NTLMSSP

NTLM Message Type: NTLMSSP_NEGOTIATE (0x00000001)



PDU Authentication Level

```
DCERPC 334 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2 138 Write Response
SMB2 171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 476 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK, NTLMSSP_CHALLENGE
DCERPC 718 AUTH3: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: DESKTOP-FS8NLP3\user
SMB2 138 Write Response
WINREG 290 OpenHKU request
DCERPC 202 Fault: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, Ctx: 0, status: nca_s_fault_access_denied
```

▼ Auth Info: NTLMSSP, Packet privacy, AuthContextId(0)

Auth type: NTLMSSP (10)

Auth level: Packet privacy (6)

Auth pad len: 0

Auth Rsrvd: 0

Auth Context ID: 0

▼ NTLMSSP Verifier

Version Number: 1

Verifier Body: e8b48bbec787a3db00000000

[\[Response in frame: 12\]](#)

▼ Remote Registry Service, OpenHKU

Operation: OpenHKU (4)

[\[Response in frame: 12\]](#)

Encrypted stub data: 6dd7bc786dfe39265a3adb071f45d41c3419b13bf69498ca...



PDU Authentication Level

```
DCERPC 334 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2   138 Write Response
SMB2   171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 476 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK, NTLMSSP_CHALLENGE
DCERPC 718 AUTH3: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: DESKTOP-FS8NLP3\user
SMB2   138 Write Response
WINREG 290 OpenHKU request
DCERPC 202 Fault: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, Ctx: 0, status: nca_s_fault_access_denied
```

In case of catastrophic errors (such as an out of memory condition or buffer overrun), a server MAY send a fault PDU or just close the connection. For information on client and server state machines, see sections 3.3.2 and 3.3.3.

- If the security provider indicates an error, the RPC runtime MUST take recovery action depending on whether this is the client or server.
 - If this is the client, the RPC runtime discards the security context and MUST NOT send any further PDUs on that connection. It SHOULD close the connection unless it is expecting responses on a multiplexed connection, as specified in section 3.3.1.5.8, in which case it SHOULD set the Activity's **Discard** flag to TRUE. If it does not wait for all responses on a multiplexed connection, it MUST provide indication in an implementation-specific way to upper layers that the outstanding calls have failed.



PDU Authentication Level

```
DCERPC 286 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2 138 Write Response
SMB2 171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 230 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK
WINREG 214 OpenHKU request
WINREG 218 OpenHKU response
WINREG 222 GetVersion request
WINREG 202 GetVersion response
WINREG 342 OpenKey request, S-1-5-21-3453662643-653229605-3378087727-1001
```

- ▼ Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Call (DCE/RPC) Bind, Fragmer
 - Version: 5
 - Version (minor): 0
 - Packet type: Bind (11)
 - > Packet Flags: 0x03
 - > Data Representation: 10000000 (Order: Little-endian, Char: ASCII, Float: IEEE)
 - Frag Length: 116
 - Auth Length: 0
 - Call ID: 2
 - Max Xmit Frag: 4280
 - Max Recv Frag: 4280
 - Assoc Group: 0x00000000
 - Num Ctx Items: 2
 - > Ctx Item[1]: Context ID:0, WINREG, 32bit NDR
 - > Ctx Item[2]: Context ID:1, WINREG, Bind Time Feature Negotiation



PDU Authentication Level

```
DCERPC 286 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-0300-000000000000)
SMB2 138 Write Response
SMB2 171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC 230 Bind ack: call id: 2, Fragment: Single, max xmit: 4280 max rcv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK
WINREG 214 OpenHKU request
WINREG 218 OpenHKU response
WINREG 222 GetVersion request
WINREG 202 GetVersion response
WINREG 342 OpenKey request, S-1-5-21-3453662643-653229605-3378087727-1001
```

Auth Length: 0

Call ID: 2

Alloc hint: 12

Context ID: 0

Opnum: 4

[\[Response in frame: 22\]](#)

- ✓ Complete stub data (12 bytes)
Payload stub data (12 bytes)

- ✓ Remote Registry Service, OpenHKU

Operation: OpenHKU (4)

[\[Response in frame: 22\]](#)

- ✓ Pointer to System Name (uint16)
Referent ID: 0x00020000
System Name: 1024
> Access Mask: 0x02000000

The `dce_c_authn_level_none` Protection Level
The `auth_value` is null; the entire authentication verifier may be omitted.

<http://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9629399/chap13.htm>



Recapping...

1. When the client initiates a connection with the server using the Remote Registry Protocol, a security context with an authentication level of 6 (`Dce_c_auth_level_pkt_privacy`) is associated.
2. During the first interaction with the remote machine's registry, an error occurs that forces the security context to be discarded.
3. The client initiates a new connection, this time requesting an authentication level of 1 (`dce_c_auth_level_none`) from the security provider, which results in no integrity or confidentiality protection for the PDUs.



WinregMITM

<https://github.com/shramos/winregmitm>



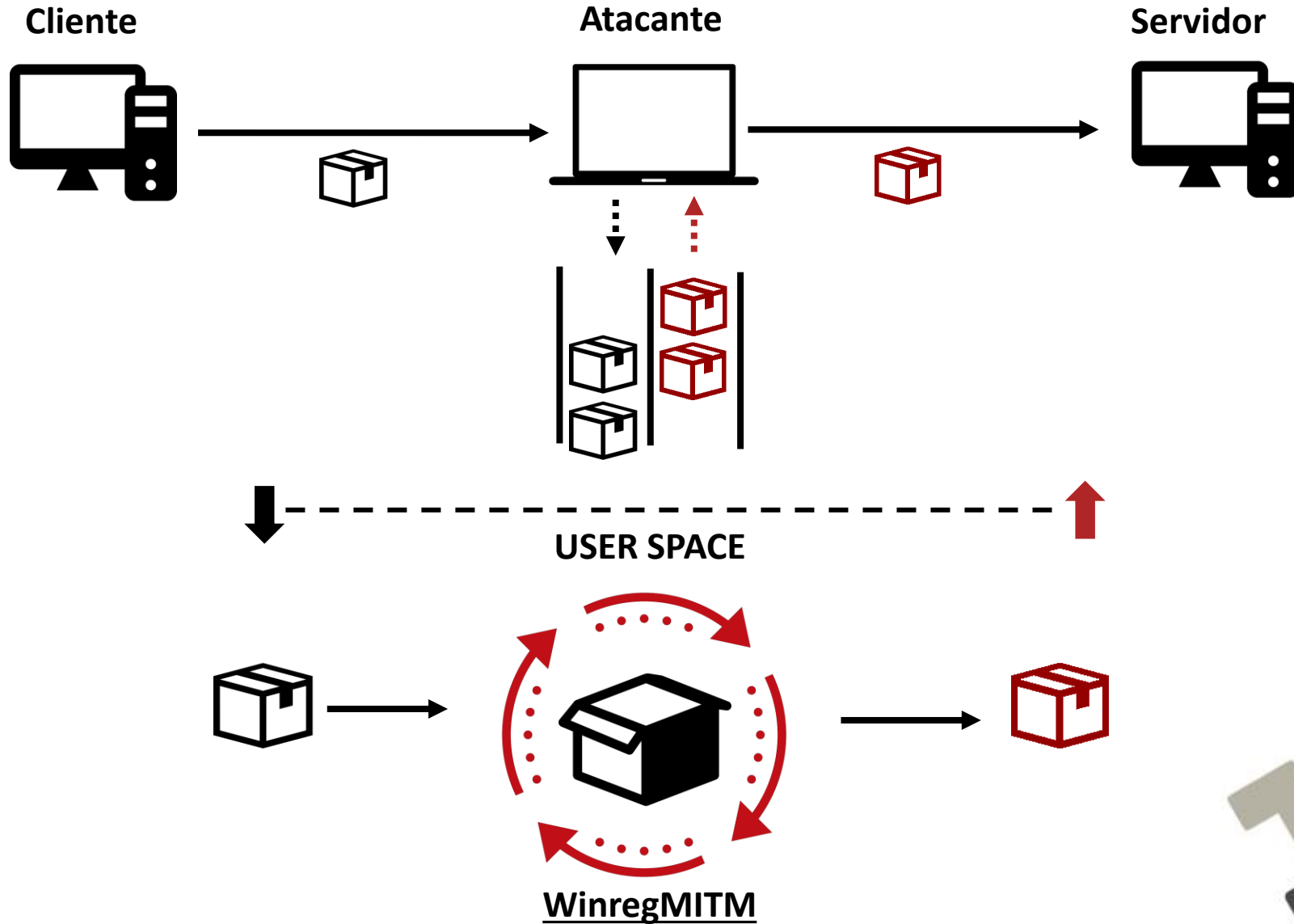


Attack

1. Intercept the communication between the client and the server
2. Intercept the packets and forward them to user space so they can be filtered and modified by our tool.
3. Filter specific packets and interpret their bytes.
4. Modify the fields of interest.
5. Recalculate all control fields of the WINREG layer and the preceding layers.
6. Reconstruct the packet and resend it.

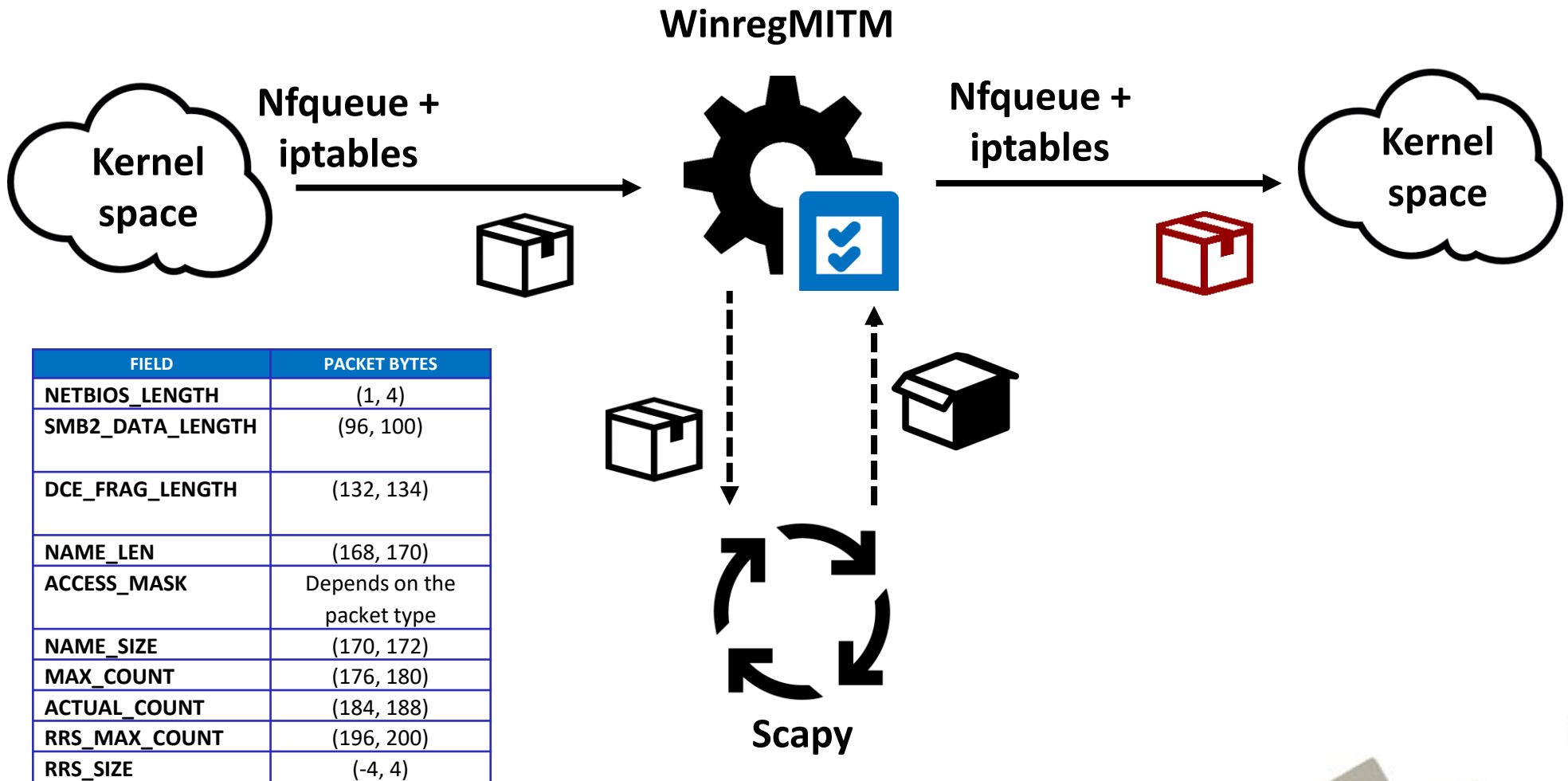


WinregMITM workflow





WinregMITM workflow



<https://github.com/shramos/winregmitm>
<https://github.com/secdev/scapy/tree/master/scapy>
http://www.netfilter.org/projects/libnetfilter_queue/index.html
<https://pypi.python.org/pypi/NetfilterQueue>



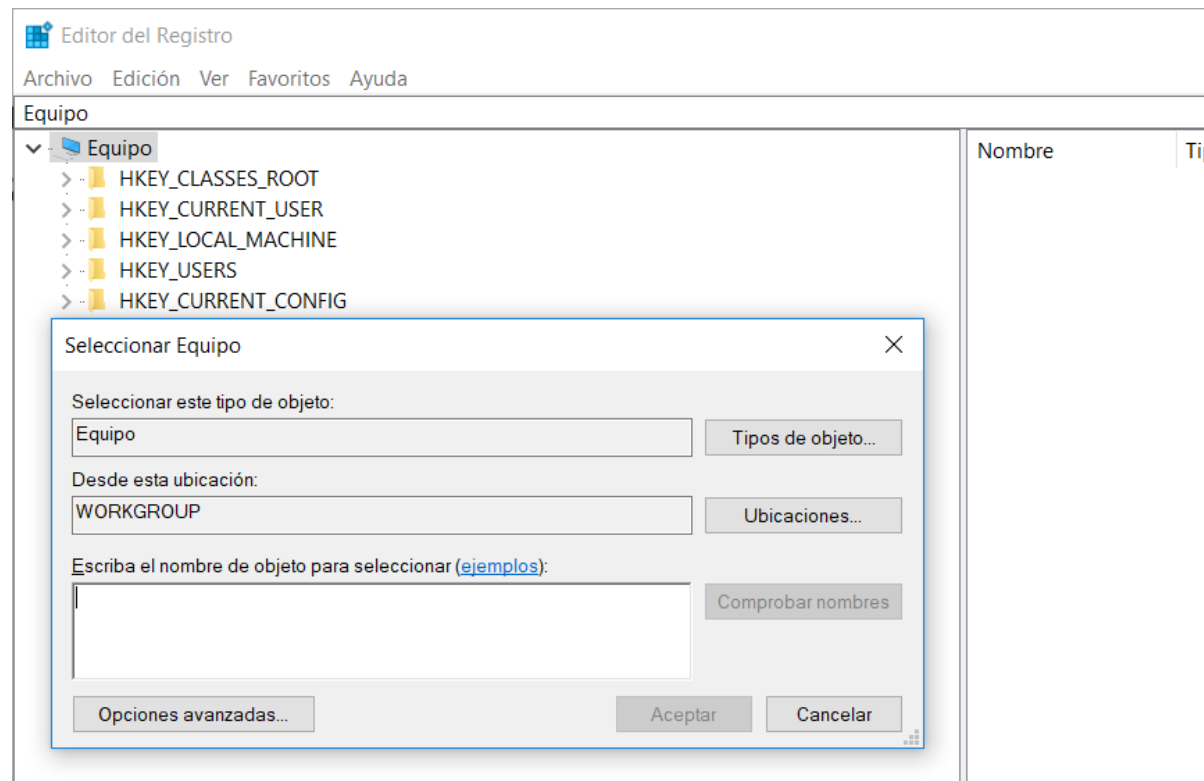
Am I missing something?





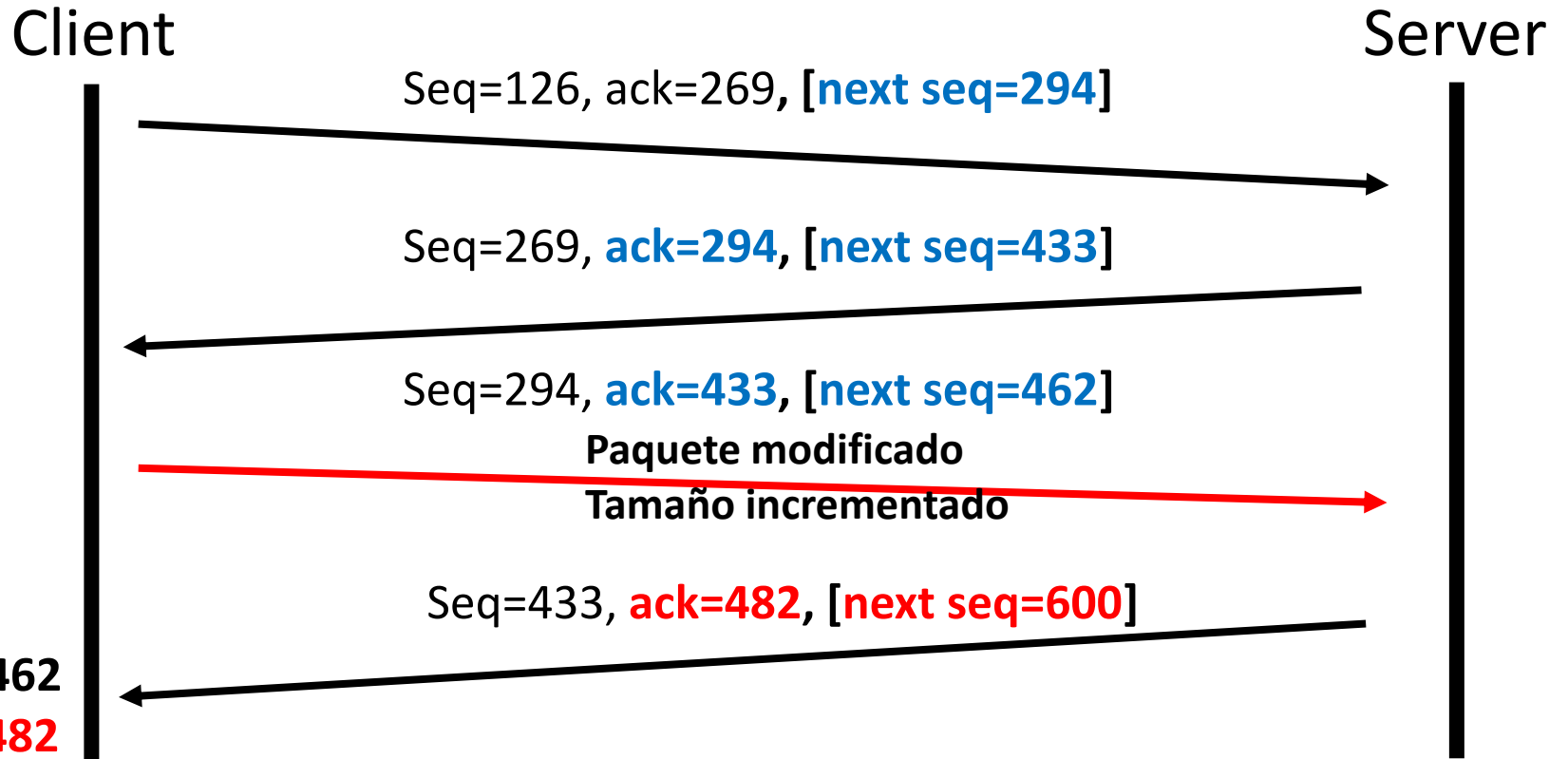
Regedit

- Most popular tool to access the log of a remote machine
- I modify a packet, recalculate all fields, resend the packet, and the session breaks. Why?





Keeping the TCP/IP session alive



Expected ack: 462

Received ack: 482

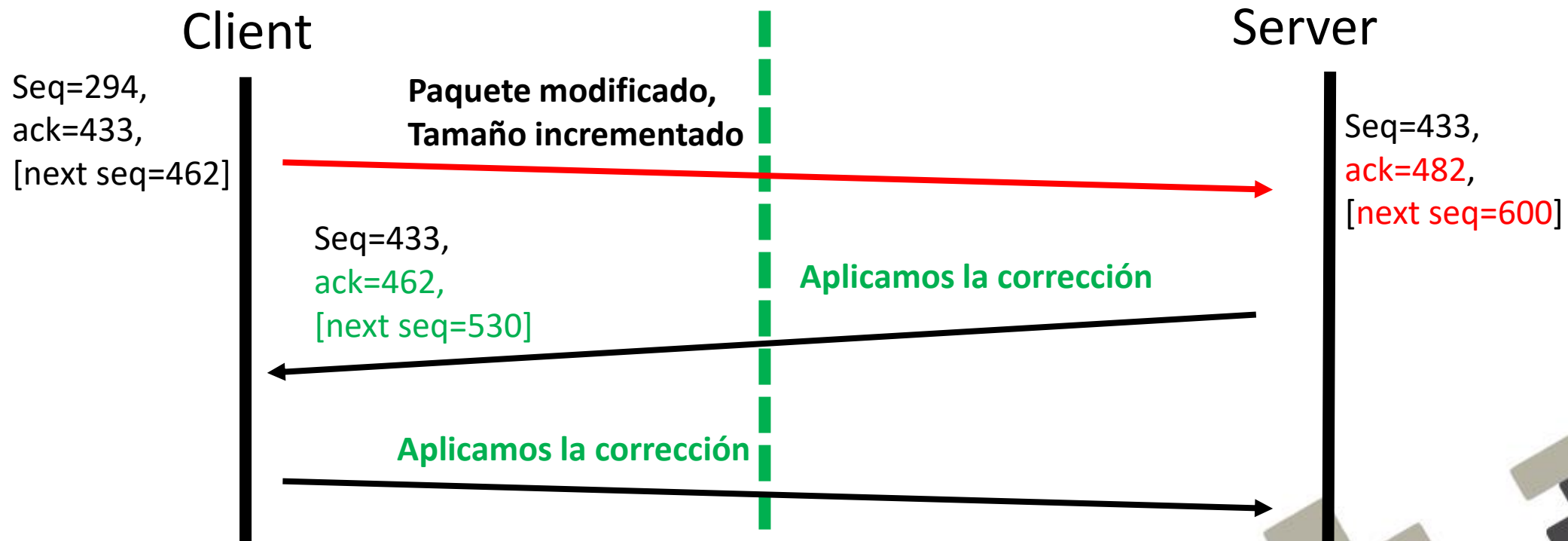
Session breaks



Keeping the TCP/IP session alive

Next sequence number = Actual sequence number + TCP payload length (*)

(*) TCP payload length = length(IP) – length(IP.header) – length(TCP.header)





DEMO!!!

1. ARP spoofing between the Client and the Server
2. We run WinreMITM and start monitoring user activity on the remote machine.
3. We intercept and modify an OpenKey packet and a SetValue packet to insert a payload into a specific registry branch of the remote machine, in this case:
`HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run`
4. When the user restarts the machine, our payload will execute, performing a Fileless UAC bypass and returning a remote connection with maximum privileges to the attacking machine.



This is not all the true..

- The Windows Remote Registry Protocol is not always unencrypted and unsigned.
- There are two use cases related to encryption and integrity control of the protocol:
 1. Authentication is performed with a user whose name or password differs from that of the remote machine:
 - User and password must be provided.
 - The authentication level is 1 (no encryption or signing).
 2. Authentication is performed with a user who has the same name and password as the remote machine:
 - User and password are not required.
 - The authentication level is 6 (encrypted and signed).



Authentication Level 1 vs 6

- Failure during the first access to the remote registry: In the next connection, a security context is established with authentication level 1.

```
SMB2      190 Create Request File: winreg
SMB2      210 Create Response File: winreg
DCERPC    290 Bind: call_id: 4, Fragment: Single, 1 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), NTLMSSP_NEGOTIATE
SMB2      138 Write Response
SMB2      171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC    372 Bind_ack: call_id: 4, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 1 results: Acceptance, NTLMSSP_CHALLENGE
DCERPC    628 AUTH3: call_id: 4, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: santi-PC\santi
SMB2      138 Write Response
WINREG    242 OpenHKU request
DCERPC    202 Fault: call_id: 4, Fragment: Single, Ctx: 0, status: nca_s_fault_access_denied
SMB2      146 Close Request File: winreg
```

- No failure occurs: The security context with authentication level 6 is maintained.

```
SMB2      190 Create Request File: winreg
SMB2      210 Create Response File: winreg
SMB2      162 GetInfo Request FILE_INFO/SMB2_FILE_STANDARD_INFO File: winreg
SMB2      154 GetInfo Response
DCERPC    334 Bind: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, 2 context items: WINREG V1.0 (32bit NDR), WINREG V1.0 (6cb71c2c-9812-4540-030
SMB2      138 Write Response
SMB2      171 Read Request Len:1024 Off:0 File: winreg
DCERPC    396 Bind_ack: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, max_xmit: 4280 max_recv: 4280, 2 results: Acceptance, Negotiate ACK, NTLM
DCERPC    622 AUTH3: call_id: 2, Fragment: Single, NTLMSSP_AUTH, User: user-PC\user
SMB2      138 Write Response
WINREG    290 OpenHKLM request
WINREG    250 OpenHKLM response
```



Forcing the security context

In case of catastrophic errors (such as an out of memory condition or buffer overrun), a server MAY send a fault PDU or just close the connection. For information on client and server state machines, see sections 3.3.2 and 3.3.3.

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc243713.aspx>





What happens if...

1. We extract the bytes of the ****DCE/RPC layer**** from the Fault packet sent by the server to the client in sessions without encryption or signing.
2. We replace the ****DCE/RPC layer "on-the-fly"**** in the packet where the server accepts authentication level 6 in an encrypted and signed session.

```
7: 10000 response (0x000)
▼ Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Call (DCE/RPC) Fault, Fragment: Single, FragLen: 32, Call: 4, [Req: #484]
  Version: 5
  Version (minor): 0
  Packet type: Fault (3)
  ▶ Packet Flags: 0x03
  ▶ Data Representation: 10000000 (Order: Little-endian, Char: ASCII, Float: IEEE)
  Frag Length: 32
  Auth Length: 0
  Call ID: 4
  Alloc hint: 32
  Context ID: 0
  Cancel count: 0
  ▶ Status: nca_s_fault_access_denied (0x00000005)
  Opnum: 4
  [Request in frame: 484]
  [Time from request: 0.000360547 seconds]

0070  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 31 00 00 00 17 c0  ..... ..l.....
0080  11 00 55 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 1d 00 00 00 ff ff  ..U.....
0090  ff ff 70 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 70 00 00 00 20 00  ..p..... ..p.....
00a0  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 05 00 03 03 10 00  .....
00b0  00 00 20 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 20 00 00 00 00 00  .....
00c0  00 00 05 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  .....

```



DEMO 2!!!

- Forcing the security context of a session that should sign and encrypt packets so that they are sent without any security mechanisms.





Thank you very
much!

Questions?

`shramos@protonmail.com`

`@santiagohramos`

`https://github.com/shramos/winregmitm`

